



DATE: June 2, 2015

TO: Programs and Administration Committee
Planning and Organization Committee/ Recycling Board

FROM: Wendy Sommer, Deputy Executive Director

BY: Debra Kaufman, Senior Program Manager
Wes Sullens, Program Manager

SUBJECT: Legislation 2015 Update

BACKGROUND

This is the first year of the 2015/2016 legislative session and through our contract lobbyist we are tracking several bills that are in different stages of the legislative process. The report below highlights the status of the thirty one bills the Agency took positions on in April, 2015. Fourteen of those bills remain alive. We will return to the Board in October with an update on the final status of these bills.

DISCUSSION

In November, 2014, the Waste Management Authority Board approved these three legislative priorities for 2015/2016: 1. Improving the state's disposal reporting system, 2. Extended producer responsibility, and 3. Green buildings and construction via the Cal Green Code update. Below is the status of bills that the Board decided to take a position on in April. We have included a spreadsheet with more detail and links to bill language. Fourteen of the thirty one bills the Board took a position on are still alive. The next deadline is July 17th which is the last day for policy committees to meet and report bills to the floor. September 11th is the last day for each house to pass bills onto the Governor.

Our highest priority has been getting AB 901 amended to address improving the state's disposal reporting system. The proposed amendments will enable our member agencies to obtain accurate hauler information from disposal facilities. This will help our member agencies obtain the information they need to enforce exclusive franchise agreements and also allow our Agency to collect applicable disposal fees. It will also improve upon the accuracy of jurisdiction of origin disposal information. We have worked closely with CalRecycle and Assembly member Gordon's office to craft language useful to our member agencies and other local governments, which would also be amenable to CalRecycle and acceptable to the hauling/disposal community. We expect that AB 901 will be amended to address our need for accurate disposal information in upcoming Senate

committee meetings. Once the amendments are made, we will ask member agencies to write letters of support and request assistance from their lobbyists.

CAL GREEN CODE UPDATE

Staff has been working closely with CalRecycle staff, USGBC and other stakeholders to move several agency priorities forward through the Cal Green Code update, including the use of compost and mulch in exterior landscaping, increased C&D recycling requirements, increased recycled content requirements in building materials and space for organics collection. Many of the requirements have changed and continue to change as the code development process proceeds. In addition, much of the state's attention recently has focused on water conservation, so much of the non-water related code updates are taking a back-seat to that statewide priority.

Recently an emergency drought executive order by the Governor helped to resurrect our recommendation that the model water efficient landscape ordinance (WELO) be included as a required part of the building code for newly installed landscapes (new or existing). Due to this, the Building Standards Commission agreed to enact WELO as part of the building code for newly installed landscapes. This was a huge accomplishment and mitigated the argument that this would be too hard for building departments to enforce. Outdoor landscapes are now officially part of the building code. We will share Bay-Friendly rating system tools already developed with city building officials to help them implement this new code.

Staff will provide further update on the status of this effort at the June committee meeting.

Status of Bills:

The following lists other bills that we are recommending positions on. The detail for these bills, including a link to the text of the bill, is contained in the excel spreadsheet.

AB 45 (Mullin) HHW. Oppose.
Status: Dead

AB 190 (Harper) Bags. Oppose.
Status: Dead

AB 191 (Harper) Bags. Oppose.
Status: Dead

AB 199 (Eggman) Alternative energy: recycled feedstock. Support.
Status: Dead

AB 761 (Levine) Compost application. Support.

Status: Passed Assembly.

AB 864 (Williams) Solid waste facility permits. Oppose unless amended.

Status: Passed Assembly

AB 876 (McCarty) Compostable organics. Support.

Status: Assembly Second Reading

AB 901 (Gordon) Solid Waste reporting requirements. Sponsor/Support.

Status: Assembly third reading

AB 997 (Allen) Recycling plastic material. Oppose.

Status: Dead; expected to become a two year bill.

AB 1019 (Garcia) Metal Theft. Support.

Status: Dead

AB 1045 (Irwin) Compost permitting streamlining. Support.

Status: In Senate awaiting Committee assignment

AB 1063 (Williams) Solid Waste disposal fees. Support.

Status: Senate Environmental Quality

AB 1103 (Dodd) Organic waste definitions. Support.

Status: In Senate, awaiting committee assignment

AB 1136 (Steinorth) Bags. Oppose.

Status: Dead. Expected to be two year bill.

AB 1159 (Gordon) Sharps/Battery EPR. Support .

Status: Dead. Expected to be two year bill.

AB 1239 (Gordon) Tire recycling. Support.

Status: Assembly Second Reading

AB 1247 (Irwin) Organic input materials as fertilizer. Support.

Status: Dead

SB 662 (Committee on Environmental Quality) Support.

Status: Assembly Natural Resources

SB 742 (Hertzberg) Solid Waste. Watch.

Status: Dead

AB 1377 (Thurmond) Recycling green material. Watch.
Status: Dead. Expected to become a two year bill

AB 1419 (Eggman) Recycling center abandonment. Support.
Status: In Senate awaiting committee assignment

AB 1447 (Low) Solid waste beverage containers. Support.
Status: Dead.

SB 47 (Hill) Environmental health and synthetic turf. Oppose unless amended.
Status: Dead

SB 162 (Galgiani) Treated wood waste: disposal. Support.
Status: Senate Third Reading.

SB 225 (Weickowski) Recycling used tires. Support.
Status: Assembly second reading

SB 732 (Pan) Beverage container recycling. Support.
Status: Dead. Expected to be a two year bill

SB 350 (De Leon) Clean Energy and Pollution Reduction Act. Support.
Status: Senate third reading.

SB 778 (Allen) Motor oil standards. Support if amended to raise quality standards for motor oil.
Status: Dead

AB 1435 (Alejo) toxics in packaging. Watch.
Status: In Senate awaiting committee assignment

AB 640 (Dahle) household hazardous waste. Watch.
Status: Dead. Expected to become a two year bill.

AB 1256 (Williams) Solid waste administration. Watch.
Status: Dead. Expected to become a two year bill.

RECOMMENDATION

This item is for information only. Staff recommends that the Boards receive this status update on Agency legislative positions for the 2015 session of the California Legislature.

Location	Measure	Author	Topic	Brief Summary	Current Text	Status	Position	Notes 1
5/28/2015-A. APPR. SUSPENSE FILE	AB 761	Levine D	Carbon sequestration: working lands.	The Cannella Environmental Farming Act of 1995, requires the Department of Food and Agriculture to establish and oversee an environmental farming program to provide incentives to farmers whose practices promote the well-being of ecosystems, air quality, and wildlife and their habitat. This bill would declare that \$50,000,000 shall be available, upon appropriation, to the department to establish a grant program to fund voluntary projects that increase carbon sequestration and greenhouse gas emissions reductions on working lands, as defined.	Amended: 4/21/2015	5/28/2015-Passed Assembly; awaiting Senate Committee assignment	Support	
5/28/2015-S. E.Q.	AB 864	Williams D	Solid waste facilities: temporary permits.	Would require, until January 1, 2025, the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery to adopt regulations to authorize an enforcement agency, upon the department's approval, to issue a temporary solid waste facilities permit to a person carrying out solid waste operations at a facility that is required under the California Integrated Waste Management Act of 1989 to have a solid waste facilities permit, but for which a permit has not been obtained. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.	Amended: 4/30/2015	5/28/2015-Passed Assembly; Referred to Senate Com. on E.Q. 6/17/2015 9:30 a.m. - Room 3191 SENATE ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY, WIECKOWSKI, Chair	Oppose unless amended	Allows for temporary solid waste permits which could be beneficial for facilities that are already operating without a permit, as they will then need to be inspected and have permit conditions, but bypasses County Integrated waste management Plan process and it is not stated how long a temporary permit can be effective; should have a time frame of no more than six or 12 months. Would make it difficult to impose new conditions upon a facility once they are up and running under a temporary permit but does help with those operating illegally without a permit. Request a limit of time for temporary permit and also suggest giving the Department the Authority to shut down facilities operating without a permit as another tool.
5/28/2015-A. SECOND READING	AB 876	McCarty D	Compostable organics.	Would require each countywide siting element to provide an estimate of the total organics processing capacity that will be needed over a 15-year period to safely handle organic wastes generated with the county and to identify areas for the location of organics processing facilities, if needed or desired, thereby imposing a state-mandated local program. The bill would also make legislative findings and declarations. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.	Amended: 4/6/2015	5/28/2015-From committee: Amend, and do pass as amended. (Ayes 12. Noes 5.) (May 28).	Support	
5/28/2015-A. THIRD READING	AB 901	Gordon D	Solid waste: reporting requirements: enforcement.	Would revise specified provisions by, among other things, requiring recycling and composting operations and facilities to submit specified information directly to the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery, rather than to counties, and would delete the requirement for counties to submit that information to cities, regional agencies, and the department. The bill would delete references to periodic tracking surveys. The bill would make other related changes to the various reporting requirements.	Amended: 4/20/2015	5/28/2015-From committee: Do pass. (Ayes 17. Noes 0.) (May 28). Read second time. Ordered to third reading.	SPONSOR /support	We are working with CalRecycle and the Author's office on amendments to include language that allows local governments to receive hauler id info, waste type, volume and origin from out of county landfills

5/28/2015-S. RLS.	AB 1045	Irwin D	Organic waste: composting.	Would require the California Environmental Protection Agency, in coordination with the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery, to develop and implement policies to aid in diverting organic waste from landfills by promoting the composting of specified organic waste and by promoting the appropriate use of that compost throughout the state. The bill would require the agency to promote a goal of reducing at least 5 million metric tons of greenhouse gas emissions per year through the development and application of compost on working lands, and would require the agency to work with the Department of Food and Agriculture to achieve this goal.	Amended: 4/20/2015	5/28/2015-Passed Assembly. In Senate. Read first time. To Com. on RLS. for assignment.	Support	
5/21/2015-S. E.Q.	AB 1063	Williams D	Solid waste: disposal facility: fees.	Would require, on or before July 1, 2016, the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery, to hold a public hearing and workshop to develop a proposal for the Legislature regarding a new solid waste management fee which would provide the department with the revenue necessary to carry out certain actions. The bill would require the department, within 6 months of the public hearing and workshop, to propose a new solid waste management fee to the Legislature.	Amended: 4/20/2015	5/21/2015-Passed Assembly; Referred to Com. on E.Q. 6/17/2015 9:30 a.m. - Room 3191 SENATE ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY, WIECKO WSKI, Chair	Support	CAW and CalRecycle sponsored bill.
5/26/2015-S. RLS.	AB 1103	Dodd D	Solid waste: organic waste.	This bill would also define the terms "food-soiled paper" and "food waste" for purposes of specified provisions relating to a business that generates a certain amount of organic waste to arrange for recycling services specifically for organic waste.	Amended: 5/19/2015	5/26/2015-Passed Assembly; In Senate. Read first time. To Com. on RLS. for assignment.	Support	
5/27/2015-A. SECOND READING	AB 1239	Gordon D	Tire recycling: California tire regulatory fee and waste tire program.	Would require a waste tire generator, as defined, that is a retail seller of new tires to end user purchasers to pay a California tire regulatory fee. The bill would authorize the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery to establish the California tire regulatory fee in an amount that is sufficient to generate revenues equivalent to the reasonable regulatory costs incurred by the department incident to audits, inspections, administrative costs, adjudications, manifesting, registration, and other regulatory activities regarding these retail sellers as generators of waste tires, but not to exceed \$1.25 per new tire sold, as provided.	Amended: 5/5/2015	5/28/2015-Assembly Second Reading.	Support	Continues fees on tires to be used for recycling and allows CalRecycle to establish fees that will not exceed cost of implementing program for the tires, on both tire sellers and generators. CAW and CalRecycle sponsored bill.
5/22/2015-A. NAT. RES.	SB 662	Committee on Environmental Quality	Recycling.	This bill would authorize the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery to expend money in the Recycling Market Development Revolving Loan Subaccount to make payments to local governing bodies within recycling market development zones for services related to the promotion of the zone.	Introduced: 2/27/2015	5/22/2015-Passed Senate; Referred to Assembly Com. on NAT. RES.	Support	
5/22/2015-S. RLS.	AB 1419	Eggman D	Recycling centers.	Would authorize the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery to revoke a certification of a certified recycling center found to be abandoned, as specified. The bill would provide an opportunity for a hearing on that revocation to be conducted in the same manner as a hearing for an applicant whose original application for certification is denied.	Amended: 5/5/2015	5/22/2015-In Senate. Read first time. To Com. on RLS. for assignment.	Support	

5/28/2015-S. THIRD READING	SB 162	Galgiani D	Treated wood waste: disposal.	Current law requires treated wood waste, as defined, to be disposed of in either a class I hazardous waste landfill, or in a composite-lined portion of a solid waste landfill unit that meets certain requirements. Current law makes these, and other requirements regarding treated wood waste, inoperative on June 1, 2017. This bill would remove those limitations for treated wood waste regulations adopted by the department, would extend the operation of these provisions regarding treated wood waste to June 1, 2020, and would repeal the language continuing in force and effect treated waste wood regulations adopted on or before June 1, 2012. By extending the operation of a crime, the bill would impose a state-mandated local program.	Amended: 5/5/2015	5/28/2015-From committee: Do pass. (Ayes 7. Noes 0.) (May 28). Read second time. Ordered to third reading.	Support	
5/5/2015-A. DESK	SB 225	Wieckowski D	Recycling: used tires.	Current law requires the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery to adopt a 5-year plan, which is to be updated biennially, to establish goals and priorities for waste tire programs. This bill would require the department, when adopting the 5-year plan and expending those appropriated funds, to ensure that the expenditure of funds pursuant to the California Tire Recycling Act, reflects the California Integrated Waste Management Act's priorities for waste reduction and recycling.	Introduced: 2/13/2015	5/5/2015-In Assembly. Read first time. Held at Desk.	Support	
5/28/2015-S. THIRD READING	SB 350	De León D	Clean Energy and Pollution Reduction Act of 2015.	Would express the intent of the Legislature for the purposes of the RPS program that the amount of electricity generated per year from eligible renewable energy resources be increased to an amount equal to at least 50% by December 31, 2030, and would require the PUC, by January 1, 2017, to establish the quantity of electricity products from eligible renewable energy resources be procured by each retail seller for specified compliance periods sufficient to ensure that the procurement of electricity products from eligible renewable energy resources achieves 50% of retail sales by December 31, 2030.	Introduced: 2/24/2015	5/28/2015-From committee: Do pass. (Ayes 5. Noes 2.) (May 28). Read second time. Ordered to third reading.	Support	Landfill gas from MSW is currently considered an eligible renewable energy generation sources. However, this bill would exclude all facilities engaged in the combustion of municipal solid waste from being eligible renewable energy resources.
5/26/2015-S. RLS.	AB 1435	Alejo D	Hazardous waste: toxics: packaging.	The Toxics in Packaging Prevention Act defines the term "package" as meaning any container that provides a means of marketing, protecting, or handling a product and specifies that a package does not include a reusable bag. This bill would also exclude a "glass beverage container" and a "glass food or drink container" from the definition of "package."	Introduced: 2/27/2015	5/26/2015-In Senate. Read first time. To Com. on RLS. for assignment.	Watch	
5/15/2015-A. 2 YEAR	AB 640	Dahle R	Household hazardous waste.	Current law authorizes public agencies to operate household hazardous waste collection facilities, as defined, and specifies conditions for the transportation of household hazardous waste. This bill would make nonsubstantive changes to the definitions pertaining to those provisions.	Introduced: 2/24/2015	5/15/2015-Dead; 2 year bill	watch	
5/15/2015-A. 2 YEAR	AB 1256	Williams D	Solid waste: administration.	The California Integrated Waste Management Act of 1989 is administered by the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery in the California Environmental Protection Agency. This would make nonsubstantive changes to the provision establishing the department.	Introduced: 2/27/2015	5/15/2015-Dead; 2 year bill	Watch	Spot bill.

5/20/2015-A. APPR. SUSPENSE FILE	<u>AB 45</u>	<u>Mullin D</u>	Household hazardous waste.	Would require each jurisdiction that provides for the residential collection and disposal of solid waste to increase the collection and diversion of household hazardous waste in its service area, on or before July 1, 2020, by 15% over a baseline amount, to be determined in accordance with Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery regulations. The bill would authorize the department to adopt a model ordinance for a comprehensive program for the collection of household hazardous waste to facilitate compliance with those provisions, and would require each jurisdiction to annually report to the department on progress achieved in complying with those provisions.	Amended: 4/30/2015	5/28/2015-Dead, may become 2 year bill	Oppose. CPSC will also oppose as will many local governments.	AB 939 already requires local governments to have a plan for recycling HHW. These programs need funding and shared producer responsibility. Local governments should have the authority to determine whether drop off or door-to-door is the most efficient program. This would be an unfunded local government mandates and takes attention away from the real need which is shared manufacturer responsibility for the disposal costs of HHW.
4/14/2015-A. NAT. RES.	<u>AB 190</u>	<u>Harper R</u>	Solid waste: single-use carryout bags.	Current law, inoperative due to a pending referendum election, would otherwise, as of July 1, 2015, prohibit stores that have a specified amount of sales in dollars or retail floor space from providing a single-use carryout bag to a customer, with specified exceptions. This bill would repeal the above provisions and related provisions. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.	Amended: 3/11/2015	4/13/2015 dead for this year.	Oppose	This would repeal the bag ban adopted last legislative year.
5/1/2015-A. 2 YEAR	<u>AB 191</u>	<u>Harper R</u>	Solid waste: single-use carryout bags.	Current law, inoperative due to a pending referendum election, would, as of July 1, 2015, prohibit stores that have a specified amount of sales in dollars or retail floor space from providing a single-use carryout bag to a customer and prohibit those stores from selling or distributing a recycled paper bag at the point of sale unless the store makes that bag available for purchase for not less than \$0.10. This bill would repeal the requirement that a store that distributes recycled paper bags make those bags available for purchase for not less than \$0.10. This bill contains other related provisions.	Amended: 3/11/2015	5/1/2015-dead for this year; two year bill	Oppose	Oppose: This bill would directly contradict a mitigation to reduce the potential increase in paper bags that a ban on plastic bags could cause by establishing a fee on them as well. The fee on paper and plastic bags has been proven to reduce use of both types of bags and increase the use of reusable bags which are the best solid waste and environmental choice.
5/11/2015-A. REV. & TAX SUSPENSE FILE	<u>AB 199</u>	<u>Eggman D</u>	Alternative energy: recycled feedstock.	Current law establishes the California Alternative Energy and Advanced Transportation Financing Authority to provide financial assistance for projects that promote the use of alternative energies and authorizes the authority to approve a project for financial assistance in the form of a sales and use tax exclusion. This bill would expand projects eligible for the sales and use tax exclusion to include projects that process or utilize recycled feedstock, but would not include a project that processes or utilizes recycled feedstock in a manner that constitutes disposal.	Introduced: 1/29/2015	5/11/2015-Dead	Support	This promotes the use of recycled feedstocks.
5/1/2015-A. 2 YEAR	<u>AB 997</u>	<u>Allen, Travis R</u>	Recycling: plastic material.	Current law requires the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery to administer state programs to recycle solid waste, plastic trash bags, plastic packaging containers, waste tires, newsprint, and other specified materials. This bill would restate the policy goal of the state to provide that the goal is for not less than 75% of solid waste generated to be source reduced, recycled, used for power generation in dedicated anaerobic digesters as well as in modern landfills capturing methane gas, or composted by the year 2020, and annually thereafter.	Introduced: 2/26/2015	5/1/2015-dead for this year; two year bill	Oppose	This bill would allow solid waste sent to landfills capturing methane gas to be counted as recycling. No landfill captures 100% of the methane and burying waste that could be recycled or reused is the lowest possible use of that material.

5/28/2015-A. APPR.	<u>AB 1019</u>	<u>Garcia, Eduardo D</u>	Metal theft and related recycling crimes.	Would, until January 1, 2020, require the Department of Justice to establish a Metal Theft Task Force Program designed to enhance the capacity of the department to serve as the lead law enforcement agency in the investigation and prosecution of illegal recycling operations, and metal theft and related recycling crimes, and would authorize the department to enter into partnerships, as defined, with local law enforcement agencies, regional task forces, and district attorneys for the purpose of achieving the goals of the program.	Introduced: 2/26/2015	5/28/2015-Dead	Support	
5/15/2015-A. 2 YEAR	<u>AB 1136</u>	<u>Steinorth R</u>	Reusable grocery bag and recycled paper bag: fee: exemptions.	Current law, inoperative due to a pending referendum petition, would, as of July 1, 2015, prohibit stores that have a specified amount of sales in dollars or retail floor space from providing a single-use carryout bag to a customer and would prohibit those stores from selling or distributing a reusable grocery bag or a recycled paper bag at the point of sale unless the store makes that bag available for purchase for not less than \$0.10. Subject to the referendum petition, this bill would expand the group of customers who would be provided a reusable grocery bag or a recycled paper bag at no cost at the point of sale to include a customer who is 65 years of age or older and a customer who provides proof of current attendance at a California college or university.	Introduced: 2/27/2015	5/15/2015-Dead; 2 year bill	Oppose	This bill allows convenience stores and food marts to provide free paper bags and reusable plastic bags. This would increase the cost of compliance for affected stores.
5/20/2015-A. APPR. SUSPENSE FILE	<u>AB 1159</u>	<u>Gordon D</u>	Product stewardship: pilot program: household batteries and home-generated sharps waste.	Would establish the Product Stewardship Pilot Program and, until January 1, 2024, would require producers and product stewardship organizations of covered products, defined to mean a consumer product that is used or discarded in this state and is either home-generated sharps waste or household batteries, to develop and implement a product stewardship plan, as specified. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.	Amended: 4/21/2015	5/28/2015-Dead; becomes two year bill	Support	CPSC is working with the author to amend this bill to include manufacturer responsibility for batteries and sharps
5/11/2015-A. REV. & TAX SUSPENSE FILE	<u>AB 1247</u>	<u>Irwin D</u>	Sales and use taxes: exemption: organic input material.	The sales and use tax law provides various exemptions from those taxes, including an exemption for fertilizer to be applied to land, the products of which are to be used as food for human consumption or are to be sold in the regular course of business. This bill would additionally exempt from those taxes the gross receipts from the sale in this state of, and the storage, use, or other consumption in this state of, organic input material, as defined, to be applied to land, the products of which are to be used as food for human consumption or are to be sold in the regular course of business. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.	Amended: 3/24/2015	5/11/2015-Dead	Support	Would allow compost to enjoy the same tax exempt status as other fertilizing materials currently do. Would help support increased compost use. Group Support letter to Assemblymember Irwin on 4/7/2015.
5/28/2015-S. APPR.	<u>SB 742</u>	<u>Hertzberg D</u>	Solid waste: diversion.	Would require each state agency and each large state facility, on and after January 1, 2018, to divert at least 60% of all solid waste from landfill disposal or transformation facilities through source reduction, recycling, and composting activities. The bill would also delete an obsolete provision.	Amended: 4/6/2015	5/28/2015-Dead	Watch	Currently a spot bill

5/15/2015- A. 2 YEAR	<u>AB 1377</u>	<u>Thurmond D</u>	Solid waste: recycling: diversion: green material.	The California Integrated Waste Management Act of 1989 requires the source reduction and recycling element to divert from disposal 50% of all solid waste subject to the element through source reduction, recycling, and composting activities, with specified exceptions. Current law governs the use of solid waste as alternative daily cover in the construction and operation of a solid waste landfill, including the determination of what constitutes diversion through recycling rather than disposal. Current law provides for the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery to adopt regulations in this regard. This bill would delete obsolete provisions relating to the adoption of regulations.	Introduced: 2/27/2015	5/15/2015-Dead; 2 year bill	Watch	Currently a spot bill.
5/28/2015- S. APPR.	<u>SB 47</u>	<u>Hill D</u>	Environmental health: synthetic turf.	Would require the Office of Environmental Health Hazard Assessment, by July 1, 2017, in consultation with the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery, the State Department of Public Health, and the Department of Toxic Substances Control, to prepare and provide to the Legislature and post on the office's Internet Web site a study analyzing synthetic turf, as defined, for potential adverse health impacts. The bill would require the study to include certain information, including a hazard analysis of exposure to the chemicals that may be found in synthetic turf, as provided.	Amended: 3/25/2015	5/28/2015-Dead	Oppose unless amended	Recommend asking Author's office to clarify the study and its contents to be sure that it asks and answers the right questions and is a comprehensive study. Given the fact that there are many studies on this topic, there is a need for the study to be defined to make it useful in evaluating whether, and at what exposure level, there may be health concerns of which component, in various tire related products; study should evaluate pour-in-place product as well as crumb rubber for a wide range of potential health impacts and a wide range of chemicals, with an adequate set of field data to draw conclusions. One goal should be standards for use of the product in a variety of settings including playing fields and playgrounds. A moratorium for two years without an adequate study will not solve the issue. Additionally, tire disposal remains an important solid waste challenge for which safe recycling alternatives are needed.
5/28/2015- A. APPR.	<u>AB 1447</u>	<u>Alejo D</u>	Solid waste: food and beverage packaging.	Would require, commencing July 1, 2016, PET plastic packaging manufactured in the state to be manufactured with, and empty PET plastic packaging imported into the state to be filled with food or drink in the state for sale in the state to contain, a minimum of 10% of postfilled PET plastic, as measured by weight. The bill would require, commencing January 1, 2017, and annually thereafter, every such manufacturer or importer of PET plastic packaging to demonstrate compliance with that requirement by certifying to the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery certain information.	Amended: 5/5/2015	5/28/2015-Dead	Support	
5/1/2015- S. 2 YEAR	<u>SB 732</u>	<u>Pan D</u>	Beverage container recycling.	Would, on and after January 1, 2017, require every manufacturer of a beverage sold in a plastic beverage container to demonstrate to the Department of Resources Recycling and Recovery that each type of plastic beverage container sold in this state contains, on average, not less than 10 percent postfilled material. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.	Amended: 4/6/2015	5/1/2015-dead for this year; two year bill	Support	deposit bill support. CAW sponsored bill.

5/28/2015-S. APPR.	SB 778	Allen D	Automotive oil source reduction.	Would, on and after January 1, 2018, require all automotive oil sold in this state to be certified by the oil manufacturer to achieve a minimum useful life of 10,000 miles when used in accordance with the automobile manufacturer's recommendations, and to meet current automotive industry standards. A violation of these provisions would be a crime, thereby imposing a state-mandated local program. This bill contains other related provisions and other existing laws.	Amended: 4/20/2015	5/28/2015-Dead	Support if amended to raise quality standards for motor oil so that it lasts longer	
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